



**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION**

SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 and 2018

WITH

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees
Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency (the Agency, or OHFA), a component unit of the State of Oklahoma, as of and for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Agency, as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3-9, the schedule of OHFA's proportionate share of the net pension liability on page 38, the schedule of OHFA's pension contributions on page 39, the schedule of OHFA's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) on page 40, and the schedule of OHFA's OPEB contributions on page 41 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplemental Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying supplemental information on pages 42 through 50 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 27, 2020, on our consideration of OHFA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering OHFA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Oklahoma City, Oklahoma
January 27, 2020

OKLAHOMA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
(unaudited)

September 30, 2019 and 2018

Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency (the Agency, or OHFA) was created in 1975 to provide funds to promote the development of adequate residential housing to families of Oklahoma with low and moderate incomes. OHFA is a self-supporting public trust and follows enterprise fund accounting.

As management of OHFA, we offer readers of OHFA's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018. This information is presented to provide additional information regarding the activities of OHFA and to meet the disclosure requirements of Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*. This analysis should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements, notes to financial statements, and supplemental information.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This financial report of OHFA consists of three sections: management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, and supplemental information. OHFA's basic financial statements include: the Statements of Net Position; the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position; the Statements of Cash Flows; and the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

The Statements of Net Position answers the question, "How is our financial health at the end of the year?" This statement includes all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows of OHFA, both financial and capital, short term and long term, using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. The resulting net position presented in this statement is displayed as invested in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. Assets are restricted when their use is subject to external limits such as bond resolutions, legal agreements or statutes. Assets not included in this category are characterized as unrestricted. Over time, changes in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of OHFA is improving or deteriorating.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position measure the activities of OHFA's operations over the past year and present the operating income and change in net position. It can be used to determine whether OHFA has successfully recovered all of its costs through mortgage and loan interest, investment interest, externally funded programs, and other revenue sources. This statement helps answer the question, "Is OHFA as a whole better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities?"

The primary purpose of the Statements of Cash Flows is to provide information about the sources and uses of OHFA's cash and the components of the change in cash balance during the reporting period. This statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes resulting from operating, noncapital financing, capital financing, and investing activities. It provides answers to such questions as "What were the sources of cash?" "How was cash used?" and "What was the change in cash balance during the reporting period?"

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

In addition, this report contains a Supplemental Combining Statement of Net Position for the Single-Family Mortgage Revenue Bond Programs as well as a Supplemental Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for the Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bond Programs. These supplemental schedules are presented to provide the reader with information regarding the financial condition of each Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bond Program of the Agency.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Year ended September 30, 2019

- Total assets increased by \$92.3 million.
- Total liabilities increased by \$74.3 million.
- Net position increased by \$17.4 million.
- Made 1,198 single family mortgage loans available to first-time homebuyers compared to 1,059 in 2018.
- Provided 120,954 unit months of Section 8 rental assistance compared to 120,946 in 2018.
- Paid \$55.6 million in rental assistance to benefit Section 8 voucher holders compared to \$54.9 million in 2018.
- Paid \$77.2 million in rental assistance to project based Section 8 properties compared to \$75.8 million in 2018.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Year ended September 30, 2018

- Total assets decreased by \$26.4 million.
- Total liabilities decreased by \$21.6 million.
- Net position decreased by \$5.6 million.
- Made 1,059 single family mortgage loans available to first-time homebuyers compared to 626 in 2017.
- Provided 120,946 unit months of Section 8 rental assistance compared to 130,872 in 2017.
- Paid \$54.9 million in rental assistance to benefit Section 8 voucher holders compared to \$54.5 million in 2017.
- Paid \$75.8 million in rental assistance to project based Section 8 properties compared to \$74.2 million in 2017.

The Agency has maintained a General Obligation issuer rating of A1 from Moody's Investors Service since June 2006. This rating reflects OHFA's sound financial condition; a bond program collateralized by highly rated mortgage-backed securities (MBS), as well as capable and dedicated management.

The Section 8 Voucher Program provides rental assistance to many elderly, persons with disabilities, single parents, or working families in need of help with their rent payments.

The Single Family Loan Program provides affordable mortgages with down payment and closing cost assistance to homebuyers through proceeds from mortgage revenue bonds (first-time homebuyers) or selling MBS in the open market via the "To Be Announced" (TBA) Program (no first-time homebuyer requirement).

Housing Tax Credits are provided to developers as an incentive to build new, affordable complexes or rehabilitate complexes in need of repair.

As Section 8 Contract Administrator for project-based Section 8 properties located throughout Oklahoma for the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), OHFA's 2019 duties consisted of 168 properties, totaling 12,764 assisted units. The Agency receives a fee to administer the program based on the number of units under contract.

CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Statement of Net Position

The following table presents condensed statements of net position for the Agency as of September 30 (in millions):

Condensed Statements of Net Position

	2019	2018	2017
Assets			
Current assets	\$ 31.3	\$ 23.5	\$ 14.8
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted	321.6	226.1	266.0
Net capital assets	3.0	2.8	2.8
Unrestricted	51.4	62.6	57.8
Total assets	407.3	315.0	341.4
Deferred outflows	1.1	1.6	2.9
Liabilities			
Current liabilities	11.1	23.8	10.3
Noncurrent liabilities	227.9	140.9	176.0
Total liabilities	239.0	164.7	186.3
Deferred inflows	0.5	0.4	0.9
Net Position			
Invested in capital assets	3.0	2.8	2.8
Restricted for Single Family Bond Programs	86.3	76.6	84.0
Restricted for Section 8 Voucher Program	0.9	0.6	2.2
Unrestricted	78.7	71.5	68.1
Total net position	\$ 168.9	\$ 151.5	\$ 157.1

Explanations of significant variances between 2019 and 2018 on the condensed statements of net position follow:

The increase in total assets of \$92.3 million is primarily due to the net effect of adding \$116.5 million of new assets and related bonds payable from new bond issues, reductions in MBS due to paying down \$41.6 million of bonds and notes payable from payments and prepayments of Agency MBS investments due to homeowners refinancing their mortgages due to low market interest rates, and a \$17.4 million net position increase realized by the Agency.

The increase in total liabilities of \$74.3 million is primarily due to four factors: 1) The issuance of debt for the 2018 Series A and the 2019 Series A Single Family bond programs of \$117.5 million; 2) payments and prepayments of \$31.0 million on bonds payable which decreased total liabilities as loans were paid down early by homeowners refinancing their mortgages to take advantage of low market mortgage rates; 3) a decrease of \$10.5 million in the Agency's line of credit with Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB); and 4) the OHFA portion of the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) defined benefit pension liability decreased by \$1.0 million.

The \$9.7 million increase in net position restricted for Single Family Bond Programs is a result of \$9.7 million of net income relating to the bond programs.

The Section 8 Voucher Program is included in the Agency General Fund and that program's net position, which is restricted, increased by \$0.3 million due to receiving \$0.3 million more in rental assistance payments than program expenditures in the current year. Since 2006, HUD has required agencies to report receipts from HUD in excess of program expenditures as income and to report assistance payments in excess of program receipts as an expense in the current year. These items are reported in net position instead of as a payable or receivable with HUD. These funds are only available to pay Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) under the Section 8 Voucher Program. The Agency had funds restricted for the Section 8 Voucher Program of \$0.9 million and \$0.6 million, respectively, as of September 30, 2019 and 2018.

The increase in Agency General Fund unrestricted net position (including investment in capital assets) of \$7.3 million is primarily due to \$7.2 million in net operating income (excluding Single Family Bond Programs) plus \$0.1 million in transfers from the Single Family Bond Programs.

Explanations of significant variances between 2018 and 2017 on the condensed statements of net position follow:

The decrease in total assets of \$26.4 million is primarily due to the net effect of reductions in MBS due to paying down \$20.3 million of bonds and notes payable from payments and prepayments of Agency MBS investments due to homeowners refinancing their mortgages due to low market interest rates, and a \$5.6 million net position decrease realized by the Agency.

The decrease in total liabilities of \$21.6 million is primarily due to payments and prepayments of \$20.3 million on bonds payable which decreased total liabilities as loans were paid down early by homeowners refinancing their mortgages to take advantage of low market mortgage rates. The OHFA portion of the OPERS defined benefit pension liability decreased by \$0.9 million.

The \$7.4 million decrease in net position restricted for Single Family Bond Programs is a result of \$7.4 million of net loss relating to the bond programs.

The Section 8 Voucher Program is included in the Agency General Fund and that program's net position, which is restricted, decreased by \$1.6 million due to receiving \$1.6 million less in rental assistance payments than program expenditures in the current year. Since 2006, HUD has required

agencies to report receipts from HUD in excess of program expenditures as income and to report assistance payments in excess of program receipts as an expense in the current year. These items are reported in net position instead of as a payable or receivable with HUD. These funds are only available to pay HAP under the Section 8 Voucher Program. The Agency had funds restricted for the Section 8 Voucher Program of \$0.6 million and \$2.2 million, respectively, as of September 30, 2018 and 2017.

The increase in Agency General Fund unrestricted net position of \$3.4 million is primarily due to \$3.4 million in net operating income (excluding Single Family Bond Programs).

Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net position

The following table presents condensed statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the Agency for the years ended September 30 (in millions):

Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	2019	2018	2017
Operating and Nonoperating Revenues			
Investment and program loan income	\$ 13.7	\$ 12.5	\$ 13.5
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	9.1	(12.3)	(10.5)
Realized gain on sale of investments	1.1	1.2	0.6
Fees and other income	13.3	12.4	12.5
Federal and state program revenues	141.7	136.2	138.8
Total revenues	178.9	150.0	154.9
Operating and Nonoperating Expenses			
Interest on bonds and notes payable	5.8	5.1	6.8
Other bond program expenses	2.4	1.2	1.3
Salaries, general and administrative	11.9	11.5	11.2
Federal and state program expenses	141.4	137.8	137.3
Total expenses	161.5	155.6	156.6
Increase (decrease) in net position	17.4	(5.6)	(1.7)
Net position at beginning of year	151.5	157.1	158.8
Net position at end of year	\$ 168.9	\$ 151.5	\$ 157.1

Explanations of significant fluctuations between 2019 and 2018 in revenues, expenses, and changes in net position follow:

The net increase in interest income from investments and program loans of \$1.2 million is primarily due to the Agency adding MBS to its portfolio of investments via issuing debt for the 2018 Series A and 2019 Series A Single Family Bond programs which enabled the Agency to have more assets earning interest.

The net increase in the fair value of investments of \$9.1 million for 2019 was due to market interest rates being lower than in the previous year, causing an increase in the value of older, relatively higher yielding interest rate securities. The market values of fixed interest rate investments typically have an inverse relationship to interest rates.

The realized gain on sale of investments of \$1.1 million in 2019 and \$1.2 million in 2018 is due to the Agency capitalizing on market opportunities to sell newly pooled Single Family Loan Program MBS at a gain on the open market via the TBA Program instead of placing these MBS into a bond issue.

Federal program revenues increased by \$5.5 million due primarily to the net effect of a \$1.4 million increase in the Section 8 Contract Administration Program revenues, a \$0.3 million decrease in the HOME Investment Partnership Program revenues, a \$1.8 million increase in National Housing Trust Fund revenues, and a \$2.6 million increase in the Section 8 Voucher Program revenues due to varying availability of federal program funding.

Interest expense on bonds and notes payable increased by \$0.7 million in 2019 from 2018. Bonds and notes payable are \$75.0 million more than prior year due to the issuance of new debt for the 2018 Series A and 2019 Series A programs.

Federal program expenses increased by \$3.6 million due primarily to the net effect of a \$1.4 million increase in the Section 8 Contract Administration Program expenses, a \$0.3 million decrease in the HOME Investment Partnership Program expenses, a \$1.8 million increase in National Housing Trust Fund expenses, and a \$0.7 million increase in the Section 8 Voucher Program expenses due to varying availability of federal program funding.

The increase in net position of \$17.4 million from \$151.5 million in 2018 to \$168.9 million in 2019 is primarily due to an operating profit of \$17.0 million, a \$0.3 million increase in net position due to OHFA receiving \$0.3 million more in non-operating federal program revenues than federal program expenses, and \$0.1 million in transfers from the Single Family Bond Programs.

Explanations of significant fluctuations between 2018 and 2017 in revenues, expenses, and changes in net position follow:

The net decrease in interest income from investments and program loans of \$1.0 million is primarily due to older, higher interest bond program loan pools being paid down, as consumers refinance their mortgages at a faster rate, than new, lower interest rate bond program loans are added to the portfolio and MBS being sold into the market via the TBA Program due to market conditions instead of being placed into a bond issue.

The net decrease in the fair value of investments of \$12.3 million for 2018 was due to market interest rates being higher than in the previous year, causing a decrease in the value of older, relatively lower yielding interest rate securities. The market values of fixed interest rate investments typically have an inverse relationship to interest rates.

The gain on sale of investments of \$1.2 million in 2018 and \$0.6 million in 2017 is due to the Agency capitalizing on market opportunities to sell newly pooled Single Family Loan Program MBS at a gain on the open market via the TBA Program instead of placing these MBS into a bond issue.

Federal program revenues decreased by \$2.6 million due primarily to the net effect of a \$1.7 million increase in the Section 8 Contract Administration Program revenues, a \$2.4 million decrease in the HOME Investment Partnership Program revenues, a \$1.2 million increase in National Housing Trust Fund revenues, and a \$2.7 million decrease in the Section 8 Voucher Program revenues due to varying availability of federal program funding.

Interest expense on bonds and notes payable decreased by \$1.7 million in 2018 from 2017. Bonds and notes payable are \$20.3 million less than prior year due to principal payments in excess of new borrowings for lending to first-time homebuyers. Also, higher interest rate bonds were paying off faster because borrowers were refinancing their homes due to the low market interest rates.

Federal program expenses increased by \$0.5 million due primarily to the net effect of a \$1.7 million increase in the Section 8 Contract Administration Program expenses, a \$2.4 million decrease in the HOME Investment Partnership Program expenses, a \$1.2 million increase in National Housing Trust Fund expenses, and a \$0.4 million increase in the Section 8 Voucher Program expenses due to varying availability of federal program funding.

The decrease in net position of \$5.6 million from \$157.1 million in 2017 to \$151.5 million in 2018 is primarily due to an operating loss of \$3.9 million and a \$1.6 million decrease in net position due to OHFA receiving \$1.6 million less in non-operating federal program revenues than federal program expenses.

Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt Administration

Capital assets

As of September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Agency had invested \$3.0 million and \$2.8 million, respectively, in a broad range of capital assets, including a building and building improvements, land and furniture and equipment.

Long-term debt

As of September 30, 2019, the Agency had \$234.5 million in bonds and notes payable outstanding, which is an increase of 47% from last year's amount of \$159.5 million. More detailed information about the bonds and notes payable is presented in Note 7 of the notes to the basic financial statements.

Economic Factors and Other Financial Information

OHFA's main sources of revenues include mortgage loan activity, investment interest income, and externally funded grants. Market interest rates have an effect on both the mortgage program and investment income revenues. If interest rates rise, mortgage and investment income should increase as new loans are originated and new investments are purchased at higher rates. If interest rates fall, mortgage and investment income will decrease as new loans are originated and new investments are purchased at the lower rates. Any decrease in interest rates could also cause an increase in prepayments on higher rate mortgages. Administrative fees for administering federal programs have stabilized and are trending slightly upward after several years of decline. Large federal deficits or changes in programs or funding levels could have a negative impact on externally funded program revenues.

The Agency expects to continue its commitment to its mission of helping to place people in homes while preserving a strong financial position during the coming year.

Contacting OHFA's Financial Management

This discussion and analysis is to provide additional information to our stakeholders regarding the activities of the Agency. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact the OHFA Deputy Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer, Mr. Kurt Fite, CPA, at (405) 419-8212; Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency, P.O. Box 26720, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73126-0720; e-mail: kurt.fite@ohfa.org; or visit our website at www.ohfa.org.

OKLAHOMA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
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Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,931,987	\$ 5,309,990
Investments	7,988,726	14,969,789
Program loans receivable (net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$8,363 for 2018)	-	1,550,794
Accounts receivable (net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,457,791 and \$1,356,247 for 2019 and 2018, respectively)	31,504	57,463
Accounts receivable - U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	714,914	876,052
Hedging receivable	-	33,204
Prepaid expenses	436,882	403,313
Interest receivable	216,103	275,429
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total current assets	31,320,116	23,476,034
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	33,363,581	12,236,742
Investments	287,154,350	213,083,624
Interest receivable	1,038,966	767,629
Program loans receivable	4,000,000	-
OPEB receivable	34,996	-
Long-term investments	47,326,382	62,649,549
Nondepreciated capital assets	550,000	550,000
Capital assets, net	2,480,133	2,209,056
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total noncurrent assets	375,948,408	291,496,600
Total assets	407,268,524	314,972,634
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Pension	1,016,623	1,527,072
OPEB	77,885	74,762
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives	5,961	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,100,469	1,601,834

OKLAHOMA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION (continued)

September 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Salaries and related expenses	665,963	552,090
Accounts payable - vendors and contractors	92,569	264,046
Accounts payable - U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	144,585	319,395
Accounts payable - Family Self Sufficiency Program	214,423	274,567
Accounts payable - other	254,129	216,689
Hedging payable	5,961	-
Unearned revenue	906,415	659,468
Compensated absences	981,317	878,972
Interest payable	661,999	452,762
Current maturities of bonds and notes payable	7,180,198	20,123,811
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total current liabilities	11,107,559	23,741,800
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Pension liability	527,453	1,490,688
OPEB liability	-	31,580
Bonds and notes payable, less current maturities	227,359,298	139,380,273
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total noncurrent liabilities	227,886,751	140,902,541
Total liabilities	238,994,310	164,644,341
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Pension	408,084	289,395
OPEB	87,475	73,004
Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives	-	33,204
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total deferred inflows of resources	495,559	395,603
Net Position		
Invested in capital assets	3,030,133	2,759,056
Restricted for Single Family Bond Programs	86,276,223	76,573,406
Restricted for Section 8 Voucher Program	919,549	590,645
Unrestricted	78,653,219	71,611,417
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total net position	\$ 168,879,124	\$ 151,534,524
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OKLAHOMA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Operating Revenues		
Investment income	\$ 13,639,117	\$ 12,361,753
Program loan income	14,758	117,321
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	9,061,056	(12,316,405)
Realized gain on sale of investments	1,050,432	1,217,835
Fees and other income	13,318,782	12,384,466
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total operating revenues	37,084,145	13,764,970
Operating Expenses		
Interest on bonds and notes payable	5,756,343	5,102,337
Mortgage servicing fees	1,157,234	1,107,453
Trustees, issuer and other fees	39,757	32,485
Bond issue costs	1,176,778	-
Salaries and related expenses	9,006,313	8,411,372
Other general and administrative	2,923,982	3,019,733
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total operating expenses	20,060,407	17,673,380
Operating income (loss)	17,023,738	(3,908,410)
Non-operating revenue (expenses):		
Federal and state program revenues	141,747,353	136,218,463
Federal and state program expenses	(141,426,491)	(137,836,018)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total non-operating income (loss)	320,862	(1,617,555)
Increase (decrease) in net position	17,344,600	(5,525,965)
Total net position, beginning of year	151,534,524	157,060,489
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Total net position, end of year	\$ 168,879,124	\$ 151,534,524
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OKLAHOMA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from fees	\$ 12,731,398	\$ 10,812,101
Receipts from program loan payments	1,565,553	1,674,245
Receipts from other sources	179,718	120,107
Payments to employees	(8,790,095)	(8,375,244)
Payments to suppliers	(2,493,911)	(1,705,503)
Payments for purchases of program loans	(4,000,000)	(1,187,117)
Payments for bond fees	(1,154,109)	(1,123,084)
Payments for trustee and other fees	(44,093)	(37,539)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(2,005,539)	177,966
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities		
Proceeds from issuance of bonds and notes payable	214,571,175	124,600,000
Principal paid on bonds and notes payable	(139,535,763)	(144,945,692)
Interest paid on bonds and notes payable	(5,547,107)	(5,172,878)
Payment of bond issuance costs	(1,176,778)	-
Receipt of federal and state program revenues	141,747,353	136,218,463
Payment of federal and state program expenses	(141,426,491)	(137,836,018)
Net cash provided by (used in) in noncapital financing activities	68,632,389	(27,136,125)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Acquisition of capital assets	(651,654)	(555,390)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	367,891
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(651,654)	(187,499)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Purchase of investments	(354,024,160)	(183,743,481)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	312,370,694	189,433,663
Interest received on investments	13,427,106	12,334,084
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(28,226,360)	18,024,266
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	37,748,836	(9,121,392)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	17,546,732	26,668,124
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 55,295,568	\$ 17,546,732
Cash and Cash Equivalents as Reported in Statement of Net Position		
Unrestricted	\$ 21,931,987	\$ 5,309,990
Restricted	33,363,581	12,236,742
	\$ 55,295,568	\$ 17,546,732

OKLAHOMA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

Years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		
Operating income (loss)	\$ 17,023,738	\$ (3,908,410)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation	379,036	407,083
Interest from investments	(13,639,117)	(12,361,753)
Bond issue costs	1,176,778	-
Net (increase) decrease in fair value of investments	(9,061,056)	12,316,405
Realized gain on sale of investments	(1,050,432)	(1,076,689)
Gain on disposal of capital assets	-	(141,146)
Interest on bonds and notes payable	5,756,343	5,102,337
Change in operating assets, liabilities, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows:		
Accounts receivable	217,176	(13,062)
Prepaid expenses	(33,569)	(34,447)
Program loans receivable	(2,449,206)	369,807
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(251,993)	(520,258)
Hedging payable	5,961	(29,191)
Unearned revenue	246,947	109,143
OPEB receivable or payable	(66,576)	31,580
Pension payable	(963,235)	(961,514)
Deferred outflows	501,365	1,310,783
Deferred inflows	99,956	(484,630)
Compensated absences	102,345	61,928
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>\$ (2,005,539)</u>	<u>\$ 177,966</u>

OKLAHOMA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 1 – Authorizing Legislation and Activities

Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency (the Agency, or OHFA) is a public trust established pursuant to a Trust Indenture, as amended, which was originally adopted on May 1, 1975. Under the Trust Indenture, OHFA was created for the benefit of the State of Oklahoma (the State) pursuant to the Oklahoma Public Trust Act (the Act). Pursuant to the Act, the Governor of the State, on behalf of the State, approved the creation of OHFA and accepted the beneficial interest created thereby on May 1, 1975. The Trust Indenture was last amended by the third amendment as of August 19, 2002, with the approval of the Governor of the State. The Governor has, pursuant to the Trust Indenture, approved the by-laws of OHFA. The Governor also appoints the five-member Board of Trustees and the resident board member representing the Section 8 program.

OHFA is authorized, in the furtherance of public purposes, to issue mortgage revenue bonds through its Single Family Bond Programs (or Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bond Programs) in order to provide funds to promote the development of adequate residential housing and other economic development for the benefit of the State. In no event does the indebtedness constitute a debt, liability, or moral obligation of the State or any political subdivision thereof. OHFA has no taxing power. The Agency receives application, servicing and issuer fees in connection with its bond programs.

OHFA is included in the State's financial report. The State reports the transactions of OHFA in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as a major component unit.

In addition to its bond programs, OHFA administers Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments Programs for the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). OHFA receives administrative fees based on the number of housing units administered under its contracts with HUD. OHFA also administers the Home Investment Partnerships Program (HOME) for HUD. The intent of the HOME Program is to provide decent affordable housing to lower-income households, expand the capacity of nonprofit housing providers, strengthen the ability of state and local governments to provide housing, and leverage private sector participation. Activities that are eligible under HOME include homeowner rehabilitation, homebuyer activities, rental housing and tenant-based rental assistance. OHFA receives reimbursement of eligible costs associated with the administration of the program.

OHFA is the Section 8 Contract Administrator for federal HUD-financed Section 8 properties located throughout Oklahoma. The Agency receives a fee to administer the program determined by the number of units under contract. The Agency also administers the U.S. Department of Treasury's (Treasury) Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) Program for the State. The Agency receives application and service fees from developers who participate in the LIHTC Program.

OHFA also administers certain other federal and state programs.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Financial statement presentation

OHFA accounts for revenues and expenses related to temporary funding of certain single family first mortgage loans within its general fund until the loans are sold in specified increments in connection with related bond programs, when required, due to the temporary restrictions associated with bond programs. Intergovernmental grants are also accounted for within the Agency's general fund. Pursuant to OHFA's bond obligation resolutions, separate funds are established by each trustee bank to record all transactions relating to OHFA programs financed under each of the resolutions. Within each fund, there is a group of accounts required by the respective resolutions. The Single Family Bond Program funds and the general fund have been presented on a combined basis because OHFA is considered a single enterprise fund for financial reporting purposes. All interfund balances and transactions have been eliminated in the financial statements.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The financial statements are prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion for State and Local Governments*, GASB Statement No. 37, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments: Omnibus*, and GASB Statement No. 38, *Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures*.

Basis of accounting

The Agency accounts for its activities within a proprietary fund type. The Agency's activities meet the definition of an enterprise fund because it is the intent of the Agency to recover, primarily through user charges, the cost of providing goods or services to the general public.

The proprietary fund type is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of net position. Proprietary fund operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net position. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by a proprietary fund. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred.

The GASB is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governmental units.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When the Agency incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted net position, it uses restricted net position first unless unrestricted net position will have to be returned because they were not used.

Cash and cash equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, OHFA's cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash with an original maturity of 90 days or less.

Investments

The Agency's investment policy for the general fund is governed by state statute and the Board of Trustees' "Statement of Investment Policy". Permissible investments include direct obligations of the United States Government and Agencies, mortgage-backed securities (MBS) guaranteed by federal agencies, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements and savings accounts. Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit for all amounts not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance. Investments are reported at fair value.

The short-term investments within the Single Family Bond Programs are generally restricted by the various bond resolutions as to authorized investments. Most are commonly held in guaranteed investment contracts or money market accounts collateralized by government securities. These short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates their fair values.

As required by GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting for and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools*, U.S. government and agency securities and MBS are reported at fair value as determined by the investment custodians utilizing prices quoted by securities dealers, brokers, investment banks or other services at the valuation date.

MBS reported by the Single Family Bond Programs are pass-through certificates of the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA) and Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), which securitize qualified pools of loans or individual loans under the respective programs. These securities are reported at fair value. MBS do not have a contractual maturity date, and the Agency may be subject to the risk of prepayment on these MBS.

Without consideration of the respective net increase or decrease in the fair value of investments, OHFA's 2019 and 2018, net operating income would have been \$7,962,682 and \$8,407,995, respectively.

Fair value measurements

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, the Agency adopted GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, which provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. The Agency categorizes its assets and liabilities measured at fair value within the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. Assets and liabilities valued at fair value are categorized based on inputs to valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1 input – Quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market that an entity has the ability to access.

Level 2 input – Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets and inputs that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 input – Inputs that are unobservable for the asset or liability which are typically based upon the Agency's own assumptions as there is little, if any, related market activity.

Hierarchy – The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs.

Inputs – If the fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

Program loans receivable

Program loans receivable primarily consist of Housing Trust Fund or Workforce Housing Pilot Program loans secured by mortgages. These loans are reported at cost. Based on management's evaluation of program loans receivable, the Agency recorded an allowance for uncollectible program loans of \$8,363 as of September 30, 2018. No such allowance was deemed necessary as of September 30, 2019.

Capital assets

Capital assets, with an initial value of \$250 or more and all furniture, are capitalized and carried at cost. Depreciation and amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from 1 to 40 years. Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Total depreciation expense for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, were \$379,036 and \$407,086, respectively, and is included with other general and administrative expense on the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

Unearned revenue

Unearned revenue arises when the resources were received by the Agency before it has a legal claim to the resources. Amounts received under certain intergovernmental grant agreements are recognized only to the extent of allowable expenses. Any amounts received in excess of expenditures incurred are unearned and recorded as a liability.

The only exception to this accounting policy is the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program. Per HUD guidance, excess budget authority disbursed to a Public Housing Agency that is not utilized to pay Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) becomes part of the net position – restricted for the Section 8 Voucher Program.

Bond issue costs

Bond issue costs are costs associated with issuing bonds and are expensed in the period incurred.

Pensions and other postemployment employee benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes measuring the net pension and OPEB liabilities (assets), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, pension and OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from OPERS fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions related to pensions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Restrictions and designations of net position

The use of assets of each of the Single Family Bond Program funds is restricted by the related bond indenture and resolution. Certain amounts in the program funds are considered subject to the restriction that they may be applied to the financing of housing for the respective program purposes or to the retirement of obligations issued for such purposes. The Agency previously designated \$8,000,000 of unrestricted net position to provide funds and reserves to purchase single family loans to be acquired from future issuances under the Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bond Programs.

Net position restricted for the Section 8 Voucher Program represent funds received from HUD in excess of HAP expenditures. These funds can only be utilized to make HAP payments for the Section 8 Voucher Program.

Note 3 – Cash and Investments

Deposit custodial credit risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Agency's deposits may not be returned. The Agency requires that financial institutions pledge securities as collateral to secure the deposits of the Agency in each institution for amounts above the FDIC insurance coverage.

Current Agency policy for deposits not held by the Single Family Bond Programs requires the lesser of the cost or fair value of the collateral pledged to be 110% of the deposit value. As of September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Agency was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

As of September 30, 2019 and 2018, \$33,372,958 and \$12,607,379, respectively, of the total cash consisted primarily of money market accounts held at trustee banks. These funds are classified as investments for the purposes of GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures* requirements and therefore are not subject to custodial credit risk. For presentation on the face of the Statement of Net Position, these funds are classified as cash equivalents.

Investment interest rate risk

The Agency limits investments to those having maturities of no more than 36 months, unless specifically authorized by the Agency Board of Trustees, which helps manage its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates. The Agency's investments in securities and related maturities as of September 30, are listed below:

	2019				Fair Value Investment
	Fair Value	Investment Maturity			
		Less than One Year	One to Three Years	Greater Than Three Years	
Agency General Fund:					
GNMA pooled loans	\$ 30,097,407	\$ -	\$ -	\$30,097,407	Level 2
FNMA pooled loans	11,987,509	-	-	11,987,509	Level 2
Certificates of deposit	8,724,543	3,483,077	5,241,466	-	Level 2
Government bonds	4,505,649	4,505,649	-	-	Level 1
Total investments in securities	55,315,108	\$ 7,988,726	\$ 5,241,466	\$42,084,916	
Single Family Bond Programs:					
GNMA pooled loans	265,297,620				Level 2
FNMA pooled loans	21,534,104				Level 2
Guaranteed investment contracts	322,626				Level 3
Total investments	\$342,469,458				

	2018				Fair Value Investment
	Fair Value	Investment Maturity			
		Less than One Year	One to Three Years	Greater Than Three Years	
Agency General Fund:					
GNMA pooled loans	\$ 39,644,214	\$ -	\$ -	\$39,644,214	Level 2
FNMA pooled loans	10,756,308	-	-	10,756,308	Level 2
Certificates of deposit	17,834,237	10,020,194	7,814,043	-	Level 2
Government bonds	9,384,579	4,949,595	4,434,984	-	Level 1
Total investments in securities	77,619,338	<u>\$14,969,789</u>	<u>\$12,249,027</u>	<u>\$50,400,522</u>	
Single Family Bond Programs:					
GNMA pooled loans	207,693,962				Level 2
FNMA pooled loans	<u>5,389,662</u>				Level 2
Total investments	<u>\$290,702,962</u>				

Investment custodial credit risk

For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Agency will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the Agency's investments in securities are held by the investment's counterparty in the name of the Agency. FNMA and GNMA are rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's and AAA by Moody's. Credit ratings are not available for the guaranteed investment contracts.

At September 30, total investments are reported in the Statement of Net Position in the following classifications:

	2019	2018
Current:		
Agency General Fund	<u>\$ 7,988,726</u>	<u>\$ 14,969,789</u>
Noncurrent:		
Restricted - Single Family Bond Programs	287,154,350	213,083,624
Agency General Fund	<u>47,326,382</u>	<u>62,649,549</u>
Total noncurrent	<u>334,480,732</u>	<u>275,733,173</u>
Total investments	<u>\$ 342,469,458</u>	<u>\$ 290,702,962</u>

The net change in fair value of investments shown in the financial statements takes into account all changes in fair value that occurred during the year. Fair value amounts for individual investments fluctuate based on changes in the market interest rates available to investors.

Concentration of investment credit risk

The Agency places no limit on the amount the Agency can invest in any one type of issuer. Investments by issuer that account for 5% or more of the Agency's total investments are indicated by an asterisk (*) as follows at September 30:

	2019		2018	
	Fair Value	Credit Exposure as a Percentage of Total Investments	Fair Value	Credit Exposure as a Percentage of Total Investments
Agency General Fund:				
GNMA pooled loans	\$ 30,097,407 *	8.8%	\$ 39,644,214 *	13.7%
FNMA pooled loans	11,987,509	3.5%	10,756,308	3.7%
Certificates of deposit	8,724,543	2.5%	17,834,237 *	6.1%
Government bonds	4,505,649	1.3%	9,384,579	3.2%
	<u>55,315,108</u>	<u>16.1%</u>	<u>77,619,338</u>	<u>26.7%</u>
Single Family Bond Programs:				
GNMA pooled loans	265,297,620 *	77.5%	207,693,962 *	71.4%
FNMA pooled loans	21,534,104 *	6.3%	5,389,662	1.9%
Guaranteed investment contracts	322,626	0.1%	-	0.0%
	<u>287,154,350</u>	<u>83.9%</u>	<u>213,083,624</u>	<u>73.3%</u>
Total investments	<u>\$ 342,469,458</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$ 290,702,962</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

MBS forward contracts

Beginning in 2013, the Agency entered into forward contracts to hedge the interest rate risk of delivering MBS guaranteed by GNMA in the future, before the securities are ready for delivery (referred to as "to-be-announced", or TBA MBS). These securities represent pools of qualified mortgage loans originated by Agency approved lenders. The forward contracts offset the financial impact to the Agency of changes in interest rates between the time the loan reservations are made to originating mortgage lenders and the securitization and sale of such loans as GNMA securities. The forward contracts are considered derivative instruments and the fair values were obtained from an external pricing specialist who used acceptable methods and assumptions in accordance with GASB requirements, subject to review and approval by the Agency. A positive fair value represents money due the Agency by the counterparty, while a negative fair value represents money payable by the Agency.

Outstanding forward sales contracts as of September 30, 2019, are as follows:

Forward Contracts to Sell TBA MBS	Notional Amount September 30, 2019	Trade Date	Delivery Date	Coupon Rate	Net Fair Values as reported in the Statement of Net Position at September 30, 2019
Bank of Montreal					
GNMA II	\$ 1,000,000	8/19/2019	10/21/2019	4.50%	\$ (1,015)
GNMA II	1,000,000	8/27/2019	11/20/2019	4.50%	(1,094)
GNMA II	1,000,000	9/3/2019	11/20/2019	4.50%	1,250
GNMA II	1,000,000	9/16/2019	11/20/2019	4.00%	(1,211)

Forward Contracts to Sell TBA MBS	Notional Amount September 30, 2019	Trade Date	Delivery Date	Coupon Rate	Net Fair Values as reported in the Statement of Net Position at September 30, 2019
Bank of New York Mellon					
GNMA II	1,400,000	8/26/2019	10/21/2019	4.50%	(438)
GNMA II	1,000,000	8/27/2019	11/20/2019	4.00%	(625)
GNMA II	1,000,000	9/4/2019	11/20/2019	4.00%	2,344
GNMA II	1,200,000	9/23/2019	12/19/2019	4.00%	(1,078)
Bank of Oklahoma					
GNMA II	1,800,000	8/12/2019	10/21/2019	4.50%	(4,148)
ED&F Man Capital Markets					
GNMA II	1,000,000	8/6/2019	10/21/2019	4.50%	(1,563)
GNMA II	1,000,000	9/6/2019	11/20/2019	4.00%	1,133
GNMA II	1,600,000	9/18/2019	12/19/2019	4.00%	(1,438)
Jefferies					
GNMA II	1,000,000	8/15/2019	10/21/2019	4.00%	(1,250)
GNMA II	1,000,000	9/3/2019	11/20/2019	4.00%	1,953
GNMA II	600,000	9/16/2019	10/21/2019	4.50%	1,219
	<u>\$ 16,600,000</u>				

Total deferred outflows
of resources accumulated
decrease in fair value
of hedging derivatives

\$ (5,961)

Outstanding forward sales contracts as of September 30, 2018, are as follows:

Forward Contracts to Sell TBA MBS	Notional Amount September 30, 2018	Trade Date	Delivery Date	Coupon Rate	Net Fair Values as reported in the Statement of Net Position at September 30, 2018
Bank of Montreal					
FHLMC	\$ 500,000	8/27/2018	11/13/2018	5.00%	\$ 2,344
FNMA	500,000	9/10/2018	11/13/2018	5.00%	1,641
FNMA	600,000	9/17/2018	12/13/2018	5.00%	844
FNMA	600,000	9/28/2018	12/13/2018	4.50%	-
Bank of New York Mellon					
FNMA	800,000	7/19/2018	10/11/2018	5.00%	3,313
GNMA II	1,000,000	8/2/2018	10/18/2018	5.00%	1,172
FNMA	600,000	9/6/2018	11/13/2018	5.50%	1,875
FNMA	600,000	9/12/2018	12/13/2018	5.50%	469

Forward Contracts to Sell TBA MBS	Notional Amount September 30, 2018	Trade Date	Delivery Date	Coupon Rate	Net Fair Values as reported in the Statement of Net Position at September 30, 2018
Bank of Oklahoma					
FNMA	500,000	7/19/2018	10/11/2018	5.50%	1,152
GNMA II	1,000,000	7/25/2018	10/18/2018	5.00%	1,602
GNMA II	1,000,000	7/30/2018	10/18/2018	5.00%	273
FNMA	500,000	8/2/2018	10/11/2018	5.50%	(78)
GNMA II	1,000,000	8/8/2018	10/18/2018	5.00%	2,500
GNMA II	1,200,000	8/21/2018	11/19/2018	5.00%	3,094
FNMA	513,150	9/10/2018	10/11/2018	5.50%	3,608
GNMA II	1,000,000	9/10/2018	11/19/2018	5.00%	2,070
GNMA II	1,000,000	9/12/2018	11/19/2018	5.00%	2,109
GNMA II	(1,300,000)	9/13/2018	10/18/2018	5.00%	(2,844)
ED&F Man Capital Markets					
FNMA	500,000	8/21/2018	11/13/2018	5.50%	1,250
FNMA	581,303	9/10/2018	10/11/2018	5.00%	1,907
FHLMC	51,510	9/10/2018	10/11/2018	5.00%	153
GNMA II	1,200,000	9/26/2018	12/19/2018	5.00%	(1,031)
Jefferies					
GNMA II	800,000	8/27/2018	11/19/2018	5.00%	2,250
FNMA	800,000	9/10/2018	10/11/2018	5.00%	2,500
Piper Jaffray & Co					
GNMA II	800,000	9/4/2018	11/19/2018	5.00%	2,125
GNMA II	1,400,000	9/21/2018	12/19/2018	5.00%	(1,094)
	<u>\$ 17,745,963</u>				
Total deferred inflows of resources accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives					<u>\$ 33,204</u>

Note 4 – Program Loans Receivable

Program loans receivable consists of the following at September 30:

	2019	2018
Single Family Program Funds, Special Securities (1993 A & B), bearing interest at 8.50% matured December 2014.	\$ -	\$ 8,363
Housing Trust Fund, Harbor House Foundation, bearing interest at 1.00%, 18-month term, maturing January 2019.	-	425,000

	2019	2018
Housing Trust Fund, Milestone HTF, LLC, bearing interest at 1.00%, 24-month term, maturing June 2019. (2.00% interest beginning January 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019	-	1,125,794
Workforce Housing Pilot Program, American Opportunity Partners, LLC, bearing interest at 2.00%, ten year term, maturing August 2029	4,000,000	-
Allowance for doubtful accounts	-	(8,363)
Total program loans receivable	<u>\$ 4,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,550,794</u>

In addition to the loans in the table above, certain loans from the federally appropriated HOME Investment Partnership Program and National Housing Trust Fund Program are carried at below-market interest rates, and repayment is deferred for up to 40 years. These loans are generally in either a second or more subordinate position. Given the nature of these loans and the risk associated with them, at the time of origination, they are fully expensed as part of federal and state program expenses, resulting in a net carrying value of zero. Loans with net carrying values of zero are excluded from the table above, and loans are tracked for affordability by OHFA staff. The balances of these loans for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, were \$10,302,463 and \$7,347,990, respectively.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended September 30 was as follows:

	2019			
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 550,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 550,000
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Furniture and equipment	3,372,408	323,555	(171,197)	3,524,766
Buildings	2,073,056	-	-	2,073,056
Improvements	1,855,610	328,099	-	2,183,709
Total capital assets being depreciated	7,301,074	651,654	(171,197)	7,781,531
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Furniture and equipment	(2,829,685)	(255,448)	169,656	(2,915,477)
Building	(881,049)	(51,826)	-	(932,875)
Improvements	(1,381,284)	(71,762)	-	(1,453,046)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,092,018)	(379,036)	169,656	(5,301,398)
Total capital assets being depreciated	2,209,056	272,618	(1,541)	2,480,133
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 2,759,056</u>	<u>\$ 272,618</u>	<u>\$ (1,541)</u>	<u>\$ 3,030,133</u>

	2018			
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 550,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 550,000
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Furniture and equipment	3,091,576	350,180	(69,348)	3,372,408
Buildings	2,409,299	-	(336,243)	2,073,056
Improvements	1,729,852	205,210	(79,452)	1,855,610
Total capital assets being depreciated	7,230,727	555,390	(485,043)	7,301,074
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Furniture and equipment	(2,617,325)	(281,293)	68,933	(2,829,685)
Building	(937,801)	(54,629)	111,381	(881,049)
Improvements	(1,388,107)	(71,164)	77,987	(1,381,284)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,943,233)	(407,086)	258,301	(5,092,018)
Total capital assets being depreciated	2,287,494	148,304	(226,742)	2,209,056
Capital assets, net	\$ 2,837,494	\$ 148,304	\$ (226,742)	\$ 2,759,056

Note 6 – Conduit Debt

The Agency has issued multi-family mortgage revenue bonds as a conduit debt issuer to promote the development of adequate residential housing and other economic development. The net proceeds of these bonds are used to provide interim and permanent financing for multi-family construction projects and establish debt-service reserves as required by the various trust indentures. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Neither the Agency, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof, is obligated in any manner for repayment of these bonds.

The following series of bonds were outstanding as of September 30:

Development	Number of Units	Issued	Original Principal Amount	Outstanding Balance September 30, 2019	Outstanding Balance September 30, 2018
Go Ye Village	74	12/1/1985	\$ 13,315,000	\$ 2,475,000	\$ 2,475,000
New Page	136	3/18/2016	21,000,000	7,313,619	21,000,000
John H. Johnson Care Suites	130	9/12/2017	16,000,000	16,000,000	16,000,000
Green Rural Development Portfolio	294	2/27/2018	11,870,000	11,870,000	11,870,000
Windsong	202	4/12/2018	11,000,000	11,000,000	11,000,000
Highland Trails	100	4/27/2018	9,000,000	5,691,474	9,000,000
Sooner Haven	150	10/24/2018	12,500,000	12,500,000	-
The Curve	240	12/21/2018	25,000,000	25,000,000	-
Deer Park	152	7/11/2019	14,000,000	14,000,000	-
Stillwater Springs	120	7/24/2019	12,000,000	12,000,000	-
			\$ 145,685,000	\$ 117,850,093	\$ 71,345,000

Note 7 – Bonds and Notes Payable

The Single Family Bond Programs are generally payable in annual and semiannual installments and are subject to mandatory sinking fund requirements. These bonds are special obligations payable solely from the income and receipts of these indentures. Neither the Agency, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof, is obligated in any manner for the repayment of these bonds, which are secured by MBS and other assets of their respective indentures.

The Agency renews its line of credit agreement with the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLBank) each April. The agreement requires monthly interest payments at the three-month LIBOR rate (2.20% and 2.35% at September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively), matures April 17, 2020, and is collateralized by investment securities. As of September 30, 2019 and 2018, there was an outstanding balance of \$0 and \$10,500,000, respectively. According to the terms of the agreement, the maximum amount of credit available with FHLBank may not exceed the collateral lending value of pledged securities. At September 30, 2019, the amount available under this line of credit was \$38,107,888.

Bonds and notes payable and changes for the fiscal years ended 2019 and 2018, are as follows:

Single Family Bond Program	Issued	Interest Rate Range on Outstanding		Maturity Through	Ending Balance September 30, 2017	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance September 30, 2018	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance September 30, 2019	Amount Due in One Year
1991 A&B	11/1/1991	7.35%	7.35%	11/1/2024	\$ 160,288	\$ -	\$ 37,714	\$ 122,574	\$ -	\$ 45,960	\$ 76,614	\$ 26,400
2008 A	7/9/2008	n/a	n/a	n/a	370,000	-	370,000	-	-	-	-	-
2008 B	9/30/2008	n/a	n/a	n/a	5,395,000	-	1,085,000	4,310,000	-	4,310,000	-	-
2009 A	5/2/2009	n/a	n/a	n/a	170,000	-	170,000	-	-	-	-	-
2009 B	9/2/2009	n/a	n/a	n/a	4,015,000	-	1,480,000	2,535,000	-	2,535,000	-	-
2010 A	10/1/2010	4.38%	4.50%	9/1/2027	3,560,000	-	1,365,000	2,195,000	-	1,405,000	790,000	145,000
2011 A	5/19/2011	4.750%	5.00%	3/1/2028	6,935,000	-	1,425,000	5,510,000	-	1,235,000	4,275,000	720,000
2011 B	11/4/2011	2.32%	4.75%	9/1/2041	29,435,000	-	4,290,000	25,145,000	-	4,295,000	20,850,000	920,000
2012 A	12/5/2012	1.95%	5.00%	9/1/2043	62,830,000	-	11,070,000	51,760,000	-	8,055,000	43,705,000	1,465,000
2013 A&B	4/30/2013	2.750%	3.00%	9/1/2041	28,895,000	-	3,075,000	25,820,000	-	2,910,000	22,910,000	756,894
2013 C&D	10/30/2013	3.35%	3.75%	3/1/2044	33,460,341	-	5,362,781	28,097,560	-	3,690,454	24,407,106	871,904
2018 A	10/23/2018	2.00%	4.75%	9/1/2048	-	-	-	-	44,310,000	1,850,000	42,460,000	1,455,000
2019 A	9/29/2019	1.15%	5.00%	9/1/2049	-	-	-	-	66,755,000	-	66,755,000	820,000
Total Single Family Bond Programs					175,225,629	-	29,730,495	145,495,134	111,065,000	30,331,414	226,228,720	7,180,198
Agency line of Credit	4/19/2019	2.20%	2.20%	4/17/2020	400,000	124,600,000	114,500,000	10,500,000	98,100,000	108,600,000	-	-
Total bonds and notes payable					175,625,629	124,600,000	144,230,495	155,995,134	209,165,000	138,931,414	226,228,720	7,180,198
Unamortized premium					4,224,147	-	715,197	3,508,950	5,406,175	604,349	8,310,776	-
Total bonds and notes payable including unamortized premium					\$ 179,849,776	\$ 124,600,000	\$ 144,945,692	\$ 159,504,084	\$ 214,571,175	\$ 139,535,763	\$ 234,539,496	\$ 7,180,198

Debt requirements on bonds and notes payable at September 30, are as follows (in thousands):

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025-2029	2030-2034	2035-2039	2040-2044	2045+	Total
2019:											
Principal and interest	\$ 15,056	\$ 13,967	\$ 13,934	\$ 15,646	\$ 17,584	\$ 70,051	\$ 65,085	\$ 61,140	\$ 42,683	\$ 24,221	\$ 339,367
Less interest	7,876	7,639	7,454	7,212	6,847	28,555	22,069	15,130	7,925	2,431	113,138
Total principal	\$ 7,180	\$ 6,328	\$ 6,480	\$ 8,434	\$ 10,737	\$ 41,496	\$ 43,016	\$ 46,010	\$ 34,758	\$ 21,790	226,229
Unamortized premium											8,310
											<u>\$ 234,539</u>
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024-2028	2029-2033	2034-2038	2039-2043	2044+	Total
2018:											
Principal and interest	\$ 25,160	\$ 10,197	\$ 8,465	\$ 8,447	\$ 10,551	\$ 49,404	\$ 38,727	\$ 37,155	\$ 26,081	\$ 460	\$ 214,647
Less interest	5,036	4,711	4,496	4,342	4,144	16,176	10,997	6,561	2,181	8	\$ 58,652
Total principal	\$ 20,124	\$ 5,486	\$ 3,969	\$ 4,105	\$ 6,407	\$ 33,228	\$ 27,730	\$ 30,594	\$ 23,900	\$ 452	155,995
Unamortized premium											3,509
											<u>\$ 159,504</u>

Note 8 – Retirement Plans

Employees hired prior to July 1, 1997, who elect not to be covered by the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement Plan (OPERS Plan), are covered by the Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency Retirement Plan (OHFA Plan). The OHFA Plan is a defined contribution plan. No new employees are allowed to join this plan after June 30, 1997. OHFA's contribution amount is at the discretion of the Board of Trustees and does not have any limitations. The Board of Trustees approved a monthly contribution to the OHFA Plan equaling the required contribution for the OPERS plan. The contribution to the OHFA Plan was 15.5% of allowable compensation beginning July 1, 2009, and increased to 16.5% of allowable compensation on July 1, 2011. All OHFA employees hired after June 30, 1997, and prior to November 1, 2015, are required to participate in the OPERS Plan. Employees hired on or after November 1, 2015, are required to participate in the State's mandatory defined contribution plan administered by OPERS. Under this plan, members choose a contribution rate which will be matched by OHFA up to 7%.

Note 9 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

OPERS Plan description

OHFA participates in the OPERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension for many state employees in Oklahoma. It covers substantially all employees of the State except those covered by six other plans sponsored by the State and also covers employees of participating counties and local agencies. The employee and employer contribution rates for each member category are established by the Oklahoma Legislature after recommendation by the OPERS Board of Trustees based on an actuarial calculation which is performed to determine the adequacy of such contribution rates.

All OHFA employees hired on or after July 1, 1997, and prior to November 1, 2015, are covered by OPERS.

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about OPERS fiduciary net position is available in separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports that include financial statements and required supplemental information. These reports may be obtained on the Internet at <http://www.opers.ok.gov/Websites/opers/images/pdfs/CAFR-2018-OPERS.pdf>; P.O. Box 53007, Oklahoma City, OK 73152-3007; and telephone (800) 733-9008.

Benefits provided

OPERS provides retirement benefits to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of many state employees in Oklahoma. Members qualify for full retirement benefits at their specified normal retirement age or, depending upon when they became members, when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or 90. Generally, benefits for state, county, and local agency employees are determined at 2% of the average salary, as defined, multiplied by the number of years of credited service. Members may elect to pay an additional contribution rate to receive benefits using a 2.5% factor for each full year the additional contributions are made.

Contributions

The contribution rates for each member category of the plan are established by the Oklahoma Legislature after recommendation by the OPERS Board of Trustees based on an actuarial calculation, which is performed to determine the adequacy of such contribution rates. Each member participates based on their qualifying gross salary earned, excluding overtime. There is no cap on the qualifying gross salary earned,

subject to Internal Revenue Service (IRS) limitations on compensation. The following contribution rates were in effect for State, County, and Local Agency Employees: for 2019 and 2018, state agency employers contributed 16.5% on all salary, and state employees contributed 3.5% on all salary.

For the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, OHFA contributed approximately \$699,000 and \$742,000, respectively to the OPERS Plan.

Actuarial methods and assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 and 2017 (OPERS year-end) actuarial valuations prepared as of July 1, 2018 and 2017, respectively, using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Investment return – 7% compounded annually net of investment expense and including inflation
- Salary increases – 3.5% to 9.5% per year including inflation
- Mortality rates – active participants and nondisabled pensioners – RP-2014 Mortality Table projected to 2025 by Scale MP-2016 (disable pensioners set forward 12 years)
- No annual post-retirement benefit increases
- Assumed inflation rate – 2.75%
- Payroll Growth – 3.5%
- Actuarial cost method – entry age
- Select period for the termination of employment assumptions – 10 years

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 and July 1, 2017, valuations are both based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which covered the three-year period ending June 30, 2016. The experience study report is dated April 13, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30 are summarized in the following tables:

2018		
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap Equity	38.0%	3.8%
U.S. Small Cap Equity	6.0%	4.9%
Non-U.S. Equity	24.0%	9.2%
U.S. Fixed Income	32.0%	1.5%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

2017		
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap Equity	38.0%	5.3%
U.S. Small Cap Equity	6.0%	5.6%
U.S. Fixed Income	25.0%	0.7%
International Stock	18.0%	5.6%
Emerging Market Stock	6.0%	6.4%
TIPS	3.5%	0.7%
Rate Anticipation	3.5%	1.5%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7% for both 2018 and 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the current contribution rate as set out in state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determined does not use a municipal bond rate.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following schedule presents the OHFA portion of the OPERS pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7%, as well as what OHFA's pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used in measuring the net pension liability as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, per the respective OPERS schedule of employer allocations and collective pension amounts.

	2018		
	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6%)	Discount Rate (7%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8%)
	OHFA's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 3,384,254	\$ 527,453
	2017		
	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6%)	Discount Rate (7%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8%)
	OHFA's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 4,405,791	\$ 1,490,688

Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

At September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, OHFA reported a liability of \$527,453 and \$1,490,688 for its proportionate share of the OPERS net pension liability. For the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, OHFA recognized pension expense of approximately \$414,556 and \$613,250, respectively.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of those dates. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018, and the period July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017.

The amount recognized by the Agency as its proportionate share of the net pension liability and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Agency were as follows at September 30:

	2019	2018
Agency's proportion of the net pension liability	0.27%	0.28%
Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 527,453	\$ 1,490,688
Agency's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,234,824	\$ 4,494,933
Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	12.46%	33.16%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	97.96%	94.28%

At September 30, 2019 and 2018, OHFA reported its proportionate share of the OPERS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
2019:		
Change in proportionate share	\$ 41,135	\$ (24,749)
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	-	(297,054)
Changes in actuarial assumptions	226,834	-
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-	(86,281)
Contributions paid to OPERS subsequent to the measurement date	748,654	-
	<u>\$ 1,016,623</u>	<u>\$ (408,084)</u>
2018:		
Change in proportionate share	\$ 98,017	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	-	(266,577)
Changes in actuarial assumptions	661,778	-
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	66,592	-
Agency contributions during measurement date	-	(22,818)
Contributions paid to OPERS subsequent to the measurement date	700,685	-
	<u>\$ 1,527,072</u>	<u>\$ (289,395)</u>

Deferred outflows of resources of \$748,654 and \$700,685 related to pensions as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, resulting from OHFA contributions subsequent to the measurement dates of June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, were recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended September 30,</u>	<u>Pension Expense</u>
2020	\$ 272,657
2021	(48,501)
2022	(298,877)
2023	(65,394)

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Employee Benefits (OPEB)

OPERS OPEB plan description

OHFA participates in the OPERS Health Insurance Subsidy Plan (HISP), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit public employee health insurance subsidy retirement plan which is administered by OPERS. The HISP is classified as an "other postemployment employee benefit."

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about OPERS OPEB fiduciary net position is available in separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports that include financial statements and required supplemental information. These reports may be obtained on the Internet at <http://www.opers.ok.gov/Websites/opers/images/pdfs/CAFR-2018-OPERS.pdf>; P.O. Box 53007, Oklahoma City, OK 73152-3007; and telephone (800) 733-9008.

Benefits provided

HISP provides a health insurance premium subsidy for retirees of OPERS who elect to maintain health insurance with the Office of Management Enterprise Services (OMES) Employees Group Insurance Division (EGID) or other qualified insurance plan provided by the employers. The HISP subsidy is capped at \$105 per month per retiree. This subsidy continues until the retiree terminates health insurance coverage with EGID or other qualified plan, or until death. The subsidy is only for the retiree, not the joint annuitants or beneficiaries.

Contributions

The contribution rates for each member category of the plan are established by the Oklahoma Legislature after recommendation by the OPERS Board based on actuarial calculation, which is performed to determine the adequacy of such contribution rates. An actuarially determined portion of the total contribution to OPERS is set aside to finance the cost of the benefits of the HISP in accordance with provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.

Each member participates based on their qualifying gross salary earned, excluding overtime. There is no cap on the qualifying gross salary earned, subject to IRS limitations on compensation. Only employers contribute to the HISP. The following contribution rates were in effect for State, County, and Local Agency Employees: For 2019 and 2018, state agency employers contributed 16.5% on all salary toward OPERS and HISP.

For the years ended September 30, 2019 and September 30, 2018, OHFA contributed approximately \$52,000 to OPERS for the HISP.

Actuarial methods and assumptions

The total OPEB asset (liability) was determined based on actuarial valuations prepared as of July 1, 2018 and July 1, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Investment return – 7% compounded annually net of investment expense and including inflation
- Salary increases – 3.5% to 9.5% per year including inflation
- Mortality rates – active participants and nondisabled pensioners – RP-2014 Mortality Table projected to 2025 by Scale MP-2016 (disable pensioners set forward 12 years)
- No annual post-retirement benefit increases
- Assumed inflation rate – 2.75%
- Payroll Growth – 3.5%
- Actuarial cost method – entry age
- Select period for the termination of employment assumptions – 10 years

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 and July 1, 2017, valuation are based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which covered the three-year period ending June 30, 2016. The experience study report is dated April 13, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30 are summarized in the following table:

2018		
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap Equity	38.0%	3.8%
U.S. Small Cap Equity	6.0%	4.9%
Non-U.S. Equity	24.0%	9.2%
U.S. Fixed Income	32.0%	1.4%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	
2017		
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap Equity	38.0%	5.3%
U.S. Small Cap Equity	6.0%	5.6%
U.S. Fixed Income	25.0%	0.7%
International Stock	18.0%	5.6%
Emerging Market Stock	6.0%	6.4%
TIPS	3.5%	0.7%
Rate Anticipation	3.5%	1.5%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7% for 2018 and 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers are made at the current contribution rate as set out in state statute. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB asset or liability. The discount rate determined does not use a municipal bond rate.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following schedule presents the OHFA portion of the OPERS OPEB asset or liability calculated using the discount rates of 7%, as well as what OHFA's OPEB asset or liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used in measuring the net OPEB liability (asset) as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, per the respective OPERS schedule of employer allocations and collective OPEB amounts.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6%)	Discount Rate (7%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8%)
OHFA's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 55,718	\$ (34,996)	\$ (113,021)
<u>2017</u>			
	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6%)	Discount Rate (7%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8%)
OHFA's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 124,740	\$ 31,580	\$ (48,511)

OPEB liabilities (assets), OPEB expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB

At September 30, 2019, OHFA reported an asset of \$34,996 and at September 30, 2018, reported a liability of \$31,580 for its proportionate share of the OPERS net OPEB liability (asset). For the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, OHFA recognized OPEB expense of \$56 and \$(29,701).

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017 respectively, and the total OPEB asset or liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset or liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of those dates. The employer's proportion of the net OPEB asset or liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018 and July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017.

The amount recognized by the Agency as its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset or liability and the total portion of the net OPEB asset or liability that was associated with the Agency were as follows at September 30:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Agency's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.27%	0.28%
Agency's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (34,996)	\$ 31,580
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB asset or liability	103.94%	96.50%

At September 30, 2019 and 2018, OHFA reported its proportionate share of the OPERS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
2019:		
Change in proportionate share	\$ 2,089	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	-	(55,022)
Changes in actuarial assumptions	20,513	-
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-	(32,453)
Contributions paid to OPERS subsequent to the measurement date	55,283	-
	<u>\$ 77,885</u>	<u>\$ (87,475)</u>
2018:		
Change in proportionate share	\$ -	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	-	(38,926)
Changes in actuarial assumptions	25,722	-
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-	(34,078)
Contributions paid to OPERS subsequent to the measurement date	49,040	-
	<u>\$ 74,762</u>	<u>\$ (73,004)</u>

Deferred outflows of resources of \$55,283 and \$49,040 related to OPEB as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, resulting from OHFA contributions subsequent to the measurement dates of June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, were recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended September 30, 2019 and 2018.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended September 30,</u>	<u>OPEB Expense</u>
2020	\$ (16,898)
2021	(16,898)
2022	(16,898)
2023	(8,542)
2024	(5,122)
Thereafter	(515)

Note 11 – Risk Management

OHFA is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction to assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. OHFA pays an annual premium to a private insurance carrier for its tort liability, property loss, workers' compensation, and general liability insurance coverage. OHFA purchases commercial employee life insurance and pays an annual premium for its employee health insurance coverage. There has not been any significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Agency is not subject to significant risk of loss with respect to the above risks.

Note 12 – Contingencies

Intergovernmental Financial Assistance – OHFA administers various federal and state programs. These programs are subject to audit and adjustments by the awarding agencies and other organizations. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable program. The amount, if any, of expenditures disallowed cannot be determined at this time. OHFA expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Litigation – OHFA, in the normal course of business, is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, OHFA believes the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of OHFA.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

OKLAHOMA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

SCHEDULE OF OHFA'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Last Five Fiscal Years⁽¹⁾

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
OHFA's proportion of the net pension liability	0.27042901%	0.27571479%	0.24714034%	0.23478392%	0.25492617%
OHFA's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 527,453	\$ 1,490,688	\$ 2,352,317	\$ 844,480	\$ 467,953
OHFA's covered payroll	\$ 4,234,824	\$ 4,494,933	\$ 4,298,455	\$ 4,374,297	\$ 4,185,176
OHFA's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	12.46%	33.16%	54.72%	19.30%	11.18%
OPERS' fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	97.96%	94.28%	89.50%	96.00%	97.90%

⁽¹⁾The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the prior year.

Only the last five fiscal years are presented because ten-year data is not readily available.

OKLAHOMA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

SCHEDULE OF OHFA'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

Last Five Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 698,746	\$ 741,664	\$ 709,245	\$ 721,759	\$ 690,554
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	698,746	741,664	709,245	721,759	690,554
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
OHFA's covered payroll	\$ 4,234,824	\$ 4,494,933	\$ 4,298,455	\$ 4,374,297	\$ 4,185,176
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	16.5%	16.5%	16.5%	16.5%	16.5%

Only the last five fiscal years are presented because ten-year data is not readily available.

OKLAHOMA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

SCHEDULE OF OHFA'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

Last Two Fiscal Years⁽¹⁾

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
OHFA's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.27042901%	0.27571479%
OHFA's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (34,996)	\$ 31,580
OHFA's covered payroll	\$ 4,234,824	\$ 4,494,933
OHFA's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.83%	0.70%
OPERS' fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB asset or liability	103.94%	96.50%

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the prior year.

Only the last two fiscal years are presented because ten-year data is not readily available.

OKLAHOMA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY
SCHEDULE OF OHFA'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS

Last Two Fiscal Years

	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 51,598	\$ 51,912
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	51,598	51,912
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -
OHFA's covered payroll	\$ 4,234,824	\$ 4,494,933
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.22%	1.15%

Only the last two fiscal years are presented because ten-year data is not readily available.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

OKLAHOMA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY
SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGE REVENUE BOND PROGRAMS
SUPPLEMENTAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2019

	1991 Series A & B	1994 Master Indenture Accumulation Fund	2008 Series B	2009 Series B	2009 Series C NIBP Master Indenture	2010 Series A 2009 C-1	2011 Series A 2009 C-2
Assets							
Noncurrent assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,736	\$ 1,596,454	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,016,767	\$ 44,157	\$ 135,053
Investments	74,845	27,396,744	-	-	-	12,458,070	19,355,194
Interest receivable	468	116,907	-	-	4,726	46,215	66,281
Total assets	78,049	29,110,105	-	-	3,021,493	12,548,442	19,556,528
Liabilities							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable - other	-	-	-	-	-	6,191	9,471
Interest payable	469	-	-	-	-	2,960	17,641
Current maturities of bonds and notes payable	26,400	-	-	-	-	145,000	720,000
Total current liabilities	26,869	-	-	-	-	154,151	747,112
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Bonds and notes payable, less current maturities	50,214	-	-	-	-	645,000	3,555,000
Total liabilities	77,083	-	-	-	-	799,151	4,302,112
Net Position							
Restricted for Single Family Bond Programs	\$ 966	\$ 29,110,105	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,021,493	\$ 11,749,291	\$ 15,254,416

See independent auditor's report.

OKLAHOMA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGE REVENUE BOND PROGRAMS

SUPPLEMENTAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (continued)

September 30, 2019

	2011 Series B 2009 C-3	2012 Series A 2009 C-4	2013 Series A & B	2013 Series C & D	2018 Master Indenture Special Program Fund	2018 Series A	2019 Series A	Total Single Family Bond Programs
Assets								
Noncurrent assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 455,797	\$ 518,398	\$ 237,999	\$ 1,215,200	\$ 3,278,183	\$ 323,805	\$ 22,539,032	\$ 33,363,581
Investments	18,787,178	46,219,594	-	28,948,377	39,662,355	45,492,516	48,759,477	287,154,350
Interest receivable	64,009	127,097	129	92,784	149,138	166,529	204,683	1,038,966
Total assets	19,306,984	46,865,089	238,128	30,256,361	43,089,676	45,982,850	71,503,192	321,556,897
Liabilities								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable - other	9,336	23,259	7,939	10,336	-	15,368	731	82,631
Interest payable	50,049	139,222	55,067	72,564	-	131,301	189,274	658,547
Current maturities of bonds and notes payable	920,000	1,465,000	756,894	871,904	-	1,455,000	820,000	7,180,198
Total current liabilities	979,385	1,627,481	819,900	954,804	-	1,601,669	1,010,005	7,921,376
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Bonds and notes payable, less current maturities	20,251,813	44,710,540	22,326,107	23,535,202	-	42,399,372	69,886,050	227,359,298
Total liabilities	21,231,198	46,338,021	23,146,007	24,490,006	-	44,001,041	70,896,055	235,280,674
Net Position								
Restricted for Single Family Bond Programs	\$ (1,924,214)	\$ 527,068	\$ (22,907,879)	\$ 5,766,355	\$ 43,089,676	\$ 1,981,809	\$ 607,137	\$ 86,276,223

OKLAHOMA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGE REVENUE BOND PROGRAMS

SUPPLEMENTAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Year ended September 30, 2019

	1991 Series A & B	1994 Master Accumulation Fund	2008 Series B	2009 Series B	2009 Series C NIBP Master Indenture	2010 Series A 2009 C-1	2011 Series A 2009 C-2
Operating Revenues							
Investment income	\$ 7,292	\$ 2,128,932	\$ 2,344	\$ 325,348	\$ 61,432	\$ 667,492	\$ 948,245
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	(330)	182,202	-	-	-	336,383	682,472
Fees and other income	-	710	-	-	-	-	-
Total operating revenues	6,962	2,311,844	2,344	325,348	61,432	1,003,875	1,630,717
Operating Expenses							
Interest on bonds and notes payable	6,981	-	14,404	93,312	-	65,545	250,715
Mortgage servicing fees	472	208,436	2,140	28,294	-	63,035	96,902
Trustees, issuer and other fees	137	6,177	-	6,752	-	88,825	135,994
Bond issue costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other general and administrative	-	-	-	-	4,336	-	-
Total operating expenses	7,590	214,613	16,544	128,358	4,336	217,405	483,611
Operating income (loss) before transfers	(628)	2,097,231	(14,200)	196,990	57,096	786,470	1,147,106
Equity transfers in (out)	-	(37,232,451)	(1,359,386)	(5,127,236)	-	(1,450,571)	(1,987,896)
Operating transfers (out)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Increase (decrease) in net position	(628)	(35,135,220)	(1,373,586)	(4,930,246)	57,096	(664,101)	(840,790)
Total net position, beginning of year	1,594	64,245,325	1,373,586	4,930,246	2,964,397	12,413,392	16,095,206
Total net position, end of year	\$ 966	\$ 29,110,105	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,021,493	\$ 11,749,291	\$ 15,254,416

See independent auditor's report.

OKLAHOMA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGE REVENUE BOND PROGRAMS

SUPPLEMENTAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (continued)

Year ended September 30, 2019

	2011 Series B 2009 C-3	2012 Series A 2009 C-4	2013 Series A & B	2013 Series C & D	2018 Indenture Special Program Fund	2018 Series A	2019 Series A	Total Single Family Bond Programs
Operating Revenues								
Investment income	\$ 933,728	\$ 1,922,940	\$ 846	\$ 1,340,050	\$ 876,308	\$ 1,984,017	\$ 217,642	\$ 11,416,616
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	685,387	2,291,098	-	1,091,235	1,012,279	721,489	408,657	7,410,872
Fees and other income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	710
Total operating revenues	1,619,115	4,214,038	846	2,431,285	1,888,587	2,705,506	626,299	18,828,198
Operating Expenses								
Interest on bonds and notes payable	608,840	1,365,496	670,060	928,289	-	1,461,457	189,273	5,654,372
Mortgage servicing fees	95,689	244,215	-	148,564	77,911	176,316	15,260	1,157,234
Trustees, issuer and other fees	135,019	336,735	104,365	147,355	-	46,493	8,403	1,016,255
Bond issue costs	-	-	-	-	-	503,025	673,753	1,176,778
Other general and administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,336
Total operating expenses	839,548	1,946,446	774,425	1,224,208	77,911	2,187,291	886,689	9,008,975
Operating income (loss) before transfers	779,567	2,267,592	(773,579)	1,207,077	1,810,676	518,215	(260,390)	9,819,223
Equity transfers in (out)	1,245,373	(816,456)	3,457,480	(447,929)	41,279,000	1,572,545	867,527	-
Operating transfers (out)	-	(7,455)	-	-	-	(108,951)	-	(116,406)
Increase (decrease) in net position	2,024,940	1,443,681	2,683,901	759,148	43,089,676	1,981,809	607,137	9,702,817
Total net position, beginning of year	(3,949,154)	(916,613)	(25,591,780)	5,007,207	-	-	-	76,573,406
Total net position, end of year	\$ (1,924,214)	\$ 527,068	\$ (22,907,879)	\$ 5,766,355	\$ 43,089,676	\$ 1,981,809	\$ 607,137	\$ 86,276,223

See independent auditor's report.

OKLAHOMA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

SUPPLEMENTAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2019

	Single Family Bond Programs	Agency General Fund	Eliminations	Combined Totals
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 21,931,987	\$ -	\$ 21,931,987
Investments	-	7,988,726	-	7,988,726
Accounts receivable (net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,457,791)	-	114,135	(82,631)	31,504
Accounts receivable - U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	-	714,914	-	714,914
Hedging receivable	-	-	-	-
Prepaid expenses	-	436,882	-	436,882
Interest receivable	-	216,103	-	216,103
Total current assets	-	31,402,747	(82,631)	31,320,116
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	33,363,581	-	-	33,363,581
Investments	287,154,350	-	-	287,154,350
Interest receivable	1,038,966	-	-	1,038,966
Program loans receivable	-	4,000,000	-	4,000,000
OPEB Receivable	-	34,996	-	34,996
Long-term investments	-	47,326,382	-	47,326,382
Non-depreciated capital assets	-	550,000	-	550,000
Capital assets, net	-	2,480,133	-	2,480,133
Total noncurrent assets	321,556,897	54,391,511	-	375,948,408
Total assets	321,556,897	85,794,258	(82,631)	407,268,524
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Pension	-	1,016,623	-	1,016,623
OPEB	-	77,885	-	77,885
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives	-	5,961	-	5,961
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	1,100,469	-	1,100,469

OKLAHOMA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

SUPPLEMENTAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2019 (continued)

	Single Family Bond Programs	Agency General Fund	Eliminations	Combined Totals
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Salaries and related expenses	-	665,963	-	665,963
Accounts payable - vendors and contractors	-	92,569	-	92,569
Accounts Payable - U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	-	144,585	-	144,585
Accounts payable - Family Self Sufficiency Program	-	214,423	-	214,423
Accounts payable - other	82,631	254,129	(82,631)	254,129
Hedging payable	-	5,961	-	5,961
Unearned revenue	-	906,415	-	906,415
Compensated absences	-	981,317	-	981,317
Interest payable	658,547	3,452	-	661,999
Current maturities of bonds and notes payable	7,180,198	-	-	7,180,198
Total current liabilities	7,921,376	3,268,814	(82,631)	11,107,559
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Pension liability	-	527,453	-	527,453
OPEB liability	-	-	-	-
Bonds and notes payable, less current maturities	227,359,298	-	-	227,359,298
Total noncurrent liabilities	227,359,298	527,453	-	227,886,751
Total liabilities	235,280,674	3,796,267	(82,631)	238,994,310
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Pension	-	408,084	-	408,084
OPEB	-	87,475	-	87,475
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	495,559	-	495,559
Net Position				
Invested in capital assets	-	3,030,133	-	3,030,133
Restricted for Single Family Bond Programs	86,276,223	-	-	86,276,223
Restricted for Section 8 Voucher Program	-	919,549	-	919,549
Unrestricted	-	78,653,219	-	78,653,219
Total net position	\$ 86,276,223	\$ 82,602,901	\$ -	\$ 168,879,124

OKLAHOMA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

**SUPPLEMENTAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

Year ended September 30, 2019

	Single Family Bond Programs	Agency General Fund	Eliminations	Combined Totals
Operating Revenues				
Investment income	\$ 11,416,616	\$ 2,222,501	\$ -	\$ 13,639,117
Program loan income	-	14,758	-	14,758
Net increase in fair value of investments	7,410,872	1,650,184	-	9,061,056
Realized gain on sale of investments	-	1,050,432	-	1,050,432
Fees and other income	710	14,294,570	(976,498)	13,318,782
Total operating revenues	18,828,198	19,232,445	(976,498)	37,084,145
Operating Expenses				
Interest on bonds and notes payable	5,654,372	101,971	-	5,756,343
Mortgage servicing fees	1,157,234	-	-	1,157,234
Trustees, issuer and other fees	1,016,255	-	(976,498)	39,757
Bond issue costs	1,176,778	-	-	1,176,778
Salaries and related expenses	-	9,006,313	-	9,006,313
Other general and administrative	4,336	2,919,646	-	2,923,982
Total operating expenses	9,008,975	12,027,930	(976,498)	20,060,407
Operating income	9,819,223	7,204,515	-	17,023,738
Non-operating revenues (expenses):				
Federal and state program revenues	-	141,747,353	-	141,747,353
Federal and state program expenses	-	(141,426,491)	-	(141,426,491)
Total non-operating income	-	320,862	-	320,862
Income before transfers	9,819,223	7,525,377	-	17,344,600
Transfers	(116,406)	116,406	-	-
Increase in net position	9,702,817	7,641,783	-	17,344,600
Total net position, beginning of year	76,573,406	74,961,118	-	151,534,524
Total net position, end of year	\$ 86,276,223	\$ 82,602,901	\$ -	\$ 168,879,124

OKLAHOMA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

SUPPLEMENTAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended September 30, 2019

	Single Family Bond Programs	Agency General Fund	Eliminations	Combined Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Receipts from fees	\$ 710	\$ 13,707,186	\$ (976,498)	\$ 12,731,398
Receipts from program loan payments	-	1,565,553	-	1,565,553
Receipts from other sources	-	179,718	-	179,718
Payments to employees	-	(8,790,095)	-	(8,790,095)
Payments to suppliers	-	(2,493,911)	-	(2,493,911)
Payment for purchases of program loans	-	(4,000,000)	-	(4,000,000)
Payments for bond fees	(1,154,109)	-	-	(1,154,109)
Payments for trustee and other fees	(1,020,591)	-	976,498	(44,093)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(2,173,990)	168,451	-	(2,005,539)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
Proceeds from issuance of bonds and notes payable	116,471,175	98,100,000	-	214,571,175
Principal paid on bonds and notes payable	(30,935,763)	(108,600,000)	-	(139,535,763)
Interest paid on bonds and notes payable	(5,426,824)	(120,283)	-	(5,547,107)
Payment of bond issuance costs	(1,176,778)	-	-	(1,176,778)
Receipt of federal and state program revenues	-	141,747,353	-	141,747,353
Payment of federal and state program expenses	-	(141,426,491)	-	(141,426,491)
Transfers	(116,406)	116,406	-	-
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	78,815,404	(10,183,015)	-	68,632,389
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Acquisition of capital assets	-	(651,654)	-	(651,654)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	-	(651,654)	-	(651,654)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of investments	(181,824,515)	(172,199,645)	-	(354,024,160)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	115,164,661	197,206,033	-	312,370,694
Interest received on investments	11,145,279	2,281,827	-	13,427,106
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(55,514,575)	27,288,215	-	(28,226,360)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	21,126,839	16,621,997	-	37,748,836
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	12,236,742	5,309,990	-	17,546,732
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 33,363,581	\$ 21,931,987	\$ -	\$ 55,295,568
Cash and Cash Equivalents as Reported in Statement of Net Position				
Unrestricted	\$ -	\$ 21,931,987	\$ -	\$ 21,931,987
Restricted	33,363,581	-	-	33,363,581
	\$ 33,363,581	\$ 21,931,987	\$ -	\$ 55,295,568

OKLAHOMA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

SUPPLEMENTAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

Year ended September 30, 2019

	Single Family Bond Programs	Agency General Fund	Eliminations	Combined Totals
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash				
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities				
Operating income	\$ 9,819,223	\$ 7,204,515	\$ -	\$ 17,023,738
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation	-	379,036	-	379,036
Interest from investments	(11,416,616)	(2,222,501)	-	(13,639,117)
Bond issue costs	1,176,778	-	-	1,176,778
Net (increase) decrease in fair value of investments	(7,410,872)	(1,650,184)	-	(9,061,056)
Realized gain on sale of investments	-	(1,050,432)	-	(1,050,432)
Interest on bonds and notes payable	5,654,372	101,971	-	5,756,343
Change in operating assets, liabilities, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows:				
Accounts receivable & HUD receivable	-	217,176	-	217,176
Prepaid expenses	-	(33,569)	-	(33,569)
Program loans receivable	-	(2,449,206)	-	(2,449,206)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	3,125	(255,118)	-	(251,993)
Hedging payable	-	5,961	-	5,961
Unearned revenue	-	246,947	-	246,947
Pension payable	-	(963,235)	-	(963,235)
OPEB receivable or payable	-	(66,576)	-	(66,576)
Deferred outflows	-	501,365	-	501,365
Deferred inflows	-	99,956	-	99,956
Compensated absences	-	102,345	-	102,345
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (2,173,990)	\$ 168,451	\$ -	\$ (2,005,539)

OTHER REPORT

**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT
OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees
Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Oklahoma Housing Finance Agency (the Agency), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 27, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those

provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Hogan Taylor CP". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large initial 'H' and 'T'.

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma
January 27, 2020